TEST

TO VERIFY THE KNOWLEDGE ON THE TOPIC „WHAT IS BULGARIA WINNING AND LOSING FROM ITS EU MEMBERSHIP?“

1. Bulgaria is member of the European Union since:
   a) April 25th, 2005
   b) January 1st, 2007
   c) January 1st, 2017

2. On the date on which Bulgaria joins the Union, it becomes a member of the EU becomes also:
   a) Slovenia
   b) Croatia
   c) Romania

3. Which EU enlargement is Bulgaria part of?
   a) Eastern enlargement
   b) South enlargement
   c) Southeast enlargement

4. Which of the following countries is not part of the EU's Eastern enlargement?
   a) Poland
   b) Estonia
   c) Greece

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5. Where did Bulgaria sign the Treaty of Accession to the EU?

   a) Luxembourg

   b) Brussels

   c) Strasbourg

6. Which of the following statements is true?

   a) Bulgaria's membership in the EU is mainly related to advantages, and the disadvantages are insignificant

   b) Bulgaria's membership in the EU is mainly related to disadvantages, and the advantages are insignificant

   c) Bulgaria's membership in the EU is related to both advantages and disadvantages for the country, its citizens and companies.

7. Which of the following statements is true?

   a) The EU has high environmental standards

   b) High environmental standards are doing harm to the EU citizens.

   c) The EU 's high environmental standards are expensive European companies to implement

8. Which of the following statements is true?

   a) Bulgaria's membership in the EU leads to more investment in the country and facilitates trade with the countries of the Union.

   b) Bulgaria's membership is irrelevant to investments in the country and trade with EU countries.

   c) The main task of joining the EU is to limit the local investments and Bulgarian production.

9. The Digital Single market:

   a) is only within the borders of individual countries and is divided into 27 national markets

   b) seeks to integrate digital services and e - commerce in the entire EU internal market

   c) has not yet been established because there is no agreement with the US and China on its development in the EU

10. Which of the following is not considered an advantage, coming from Bulgaria's EU membership?

   a) free and easier traveling to other EU member states

   b) limiting financial resources for farmers and eliminating funding for rural development

   c) more resources and opportunities for science and education

11. Bulgaria's future accession to the euro area:

   a) is associated with benefits and costs for the country

   b) it is not related to benefits and costs for the country

   c) is related only to negatives for the country and must be avoided

12. Bulgaria's EU membership:

   a) affects all Bulgarian citizens and companies in the same way

   b) does not affect in any way the Bulgarian citizens and companies.

   c) affects Bulgarian citizens and companies in different ways, depending on their ability to benefit from mobility as well of their ability to compete in labour markets and goods and services in the EU.

Correct answers:

1b); 2c); 3a); 4c); 5a); 6c); 7b); 8a); 9b); 10b); 11a); 12c).